Supplemental Material

Supplemental Table 1. Community prevalence of variants and available inpatient treatments by time period.

Supplemental Table 2. Association of second-dose vaccination with severe Covid-19 outcomes in subgroups with SARS-CoV-2 infection.

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Supplemental Table 1. Community prevalence of variants and available inpatient treatments by time period.

	Variant prevalence (%)			Treatments available for hospitalised patients				
Time period	Alpha	Delta	Other	Dexamethasone	Remdesivir	Tocilizumab		
1 (Dec 2020) ^a	-	-	-	\checkmark				
2 (Jan 2021) ^b	5	20	75	✓				
3 (Feb-Mar 2021)	69	13	18	✓		✓		
4 (Apr-July 2021)	28	57	15	✓	✓	✓		
5 (Aug 2021)	0	96	4	✓	✓	✓		
6 (Sept 2021)	0	60	40	✓	✓	✓		

^aData unavailable for December 2020

^bData based on small sample for January 2021

Supplemental Table 2. Association of second-dose vaccination with severe Covid-19 outcomes in subgroups with SARS-CoV-2 infection.

			Odds ratio (95%CI) for severe Covid-19 outcomes								
Subgroup		N ^a	Admission ^c		Oxyge	Oxygen ^d		Ventilation ^d		Death ^d	
Age group	65-95 years	88	0.05	(0.02-0.16)	0.06	(0.02-0.22)	0.06	(0.02-0.21)	0.04	(0.01-0.17)	
	18-64 years	102	0.57	(0.27-1.17)	0.34	(0.15-0.78)	0.71	(0.26-1.96)	0.53	(0.16-1.80)	
Vaccine type	BNT162b2	79	0.26	(0.13-0.53)	0.17	(0.08-0.39)	0.18	(0.07-0.49)	0.15	(0.06-0.43)	
	AZD1222	107	0.23	(0.12-0.45)	0.19	(0.09-0.40)	0.26	(0.11-0.62)	0.10	(0.03-0.30)	
Time since ^b	0-4 months	87	0.29	(0.15-0.58)	0.25	(0.11-0.53)	0.29	(0.11-0.74)	0.15	(0.05-0.52)	
	4-8 months	103	0.21	(0.10-0.42)	0.13	(0.06-0.29)	0.18	(0.07-0.44)	0.11	(0.04-0.30)	

Odds ratio (95% CI), including variables in Table 2, within subgroup comparing second-dose with no vaccination

Clinical outcomes are 'all cause', not specifically due to Covid-19

^aNumber of infections >10 days after second dose within subgroup

^bTime since second dose

^cWithin 14 days of positive PCR

^dWithin 28 days of positive PCR

Supplemental Table 3. Association of second-dose vaccination with severe Covid-19 outcomes in sensitivity analyses.

			Odds ratio (95%CI) for severe Covid-19 outcomes						
Condition	N ^a	Admission ^b		Oxygen ^c		Ventilation ^c		Death ^c	
Prior SARS-CoV-2 excluded	178 / 1018	0.24	(0.13-0.44)	0.17	(0.09-0.34)	0.20	(0.09-0.43)	0.12	(0.05-0.29)
Period 4 only (1 Apr - 31 July)	62 / 29	0.21	(0.06-0.79)	0.25	(0.06-1.04)	0.12	(0.01-1.26)	0.00	(0.00-0.35)
Period 5 only (1 - 31 Aug)	71 / 17	0.11	(0.03-0.45)	0.04	(0.01-0.22)	0.16	(0.03-1.04)	0.13	(0.02-0.93)
Period 6 only (1 - 26 Sept)	55 / 19	0.28	(0.08-0.99)	0.23	(0.06-0.89)	0.28	(0.07-1.15)	0.22	(0.05-0.95)

Odds ratio (95% CI), including variables in Table 2, comparing second-dose with no vaccination, under condition specified Clinical outcomes are 'all cause', not specifically due to Covid-19

^aNumber of infections >10 days after second dose / number of infections in unvaccinated

^bWithin 14 days of positive PCR

^cWithin 28 days of positive PCR

Supplemental Table 4. Characteristics of subgroup patients (N=1253) stratified by SARS-CoV-2 PCR status.

		PCR positive	PCR negative
N		272	981
Age, median(IQR)		65 (56-74)	65 (55-75)
Gender	Male	162 (60)	588 (60)
Ethnicity	Asian/other	132 (49)	436 (44)
	Black	67 (25)	261 (27)
	White	73 (27)	284 (29)
Diabetes		117 (43)	419 (43)
Prior SARS	S-CoV-2	11 (4)	236 (24)
Vaccine ^a	unvaccinated	214 (79)	86 (9)
	>10d post 1 st dose	25 (9)	30 (3)
	>10d post 2 nd dose	33 (12)	865 (88)

Except where stated data are N (%)

^aStatus at positive PCR, or end of observation in those with negative PCR