## Association of Acute Respiratory Distress Syndrome (ARDS) with AKI among Critically-Ill Patients

Michael DARMON et al.

Online only appendix

## **Authors affiliations:**

M. Darmon : Medical ICU, Saint-Etienne University Hospital, Avenue Albert Raymond, Saint-Priest en Jarez, 42270, France ; Jacques Lisfranc Medical School, Saint-Etienne University, Saint-Etienne France

Christophe Clec'h : Medical-Surgical ICU, Avicenne University Hospital, Bobigny,

France; Paris-13 University, Bobigny, France

Christophe Adrie: Department of Physiology, Cochin University Hospital, APHP, Paris

France

Laurent Argaud: Medical ICU, Hospices Civils de Lyon, Edouard Herriot University

Hospital, F-69003 Lyon, France; Lyon University, Lyon-Est Medical School, F-69008,

Lyon, France

Bernard Allaouchiche: Surgical ICU, Edouard Herriot University Hospital, Hospices

Civiles de Lyon, Lyon, France

Elie Azoulay: Medical ICU, University Hospital St Louis, 1 Avenue Claude Vellefaux,

75010, Paris, France

Lila Bouadma: Medical ICU, Bichat University Hospital, Paris, France; Paris-7

University, Paris, France

Maité Garrouste-Orgeas: Polyvalent ICU, Groupe Hospitalier St Joseph, 145 Rue

Raymond Losserand 75014, Paris, France

Hakim Haouache: Surgical ICU, Mondor University Hospital, APHP, 94000, Créteil,

France

Carole Schwebel: Polyvalent ICU, Grenoble University Hospital, BP217, 38043

Grenoble Cedex 9, France

Dany Goldgran-Toledano: Polyvalent ICU, Gonesse General Hospital, 25 Rue Bernard

Fevrier, 95500, Gonesse, France

Hatem Khallel : Intensive care unit, Centre Hospitalier Andrée Rosemon, Av des

Flamboyants, BP 6006 97306, Cayenne, France

Anne-Sylvie Dumenil : Surgical ICU, Antoine Béclère University Hospital 157 Rue de la

Porte de Trivaux, 92141, Clamart Cedex, France

Samir Jamali: Polyvalent ICU, Centre Hospitalier Sud Essonne Dourdan-Etampes -

Siège, 26 Avenue Charles de Gaulle, 91150, Etampes, France

Bertrand Souweine: Medical ICU, Gabriel Montpied University Hospital, 58 Rue

Montalembert, 63003 Clermont Ferrand Cedex 1, France

Fabrice Zeni: Medical ICU, Saint-Etienne University Hospital, Avenue Albert Raymond,

Saint-Priest en Jarez, 42270, France; Jacques Lisfranc Medical School, Saint-Etienne

University, Saint-Etienne France

Yves Cohen: Medical-Surgical ICU, Avicenne University Hospital, Bobigny, France;

Paris-13 University, Bobigny, France

Jean-François Timsit: Medical ICU, Bichat University Hospital, Paris, France; Paris-7

University, Paris, France and University of Grenoble 1 (Joseph Fourier) Integrated

Research Center U 823 - Albert Bonniot Institute, Grenoble University Hospital,

Grenoble, France

## Changes in ARDS and AKI rates over the study period

In way to assess changes in ARDS and AKI rate during the study a post-hoc analysis was performed. This analysis was performed to evaluate rate of AKI and ARDS before and after 2001.

During the first period (1997-2001): 1757 patients were included, including 490 patients with ARDS (247 AKI -50.4%) and 1267 patients without ARDS (428 AKI – 33.8%; P<0.001).

During the second period (2002-2009): 6272 patients were included, including 1389 with ARDS (585 AKI - 42.1%) and 4883 patients without ARDS (1255 patients with AKI-25.78%; P<0.001).

## Sensitivity analysis: Influence of ARDS and Mechanical Ventilation (MV) duration on AKI incidence

In way to assess influence of longer exposure to ARDS or mechanical ventilation on AKI incidence, a post-hoc sensitivity analysis was performed. This analysis was performed according to duration of both ARDS –median 2 days- and to MV–median 4 days.

Before adjustment, AKI incidence was higher in patients with longer duration of ARDS (37.8% and 48.8% respectively in patients with ARDS duration  $\leq$  2 days and  $\geq$ 2 days; P<0.001). Similarly, AKI incidence was higher in patients with longer duration of mechanical ventilation (MV) (33.3% and 50.8% respectively in patients with MV duration  $\leq$  4 days and  $\geq$ 4 days; P<0.001).

After adjustment for confounders (see table 3), both shorter and longer duration of ARDS were associated with AKI (OR 1.82; 95%CI 1.14-2.90; and OR 2.85; 95%CI 1.80-4.50; respectively).

Conversely, after adjustment for confounders, only longer duration of mechanical ventilation remained associated with outcome (OR 0.92-95%CI 0.81-1.05- and OR 2.90 -95%CI 2.50-3.36- for shorter and longer duration of MV respectively).