

Supplemental Table 1. Thirty genes, known to cause monogenic forms of NL/NC that were included in the study

	Gene Symbol	Gene Name	Accession #	Disease entity	MIM-Phenotype #	Mode	Coding Exons	Ref.
1	<u>ADCY10/SAC</u>	adenylate cyclase 10 (soluble)	NM_018417.4	Hypercalciuria, Calcium oxalate nephrolithiasis	143870	AD	32	1
2	<u>AGXT</u>	alanine-glyoxylate aminotransferase	NM_000030.2	Primary hyperoxaluria, type 1	259900	AR	11	2
3	<u>APRT</u>	adenine phosphoribosyltransferase	NM_000485.2	Adenine phosphoribosyltransferase deficiency, Urolithiasis (DHA stones), renal failure	614723	AR	5	3
4	<u>ATP6V0A4</u>	ATPase, H+ transporting, lysosomal V0 subunit a4	NM_020632.2	dRTA	602722	AR	20	4
5	<u>ATP6V1B1</u>	ATPase, H+ transporting, lysosomal 56/58kDa, V1 subunit B1	NM_001692.3	Distal renal tubular acidosis (dRTA) with deafness	267300	AR	14	5
6	<u>CA2</u>	carbonic anhydrase II	NM_000067.2	Osteopetrosis + d/pRTA	259730	AR	7	6
7	<u>CASR</u>	calcium-sensing receptor	NM_001178065.1	Hypocalcemia with Bartter syndrome / hypocalcemia, autosomal dominant	601198	AD	6	7
8	<u>CLCN5</u>	chloride channel, voltage-sensitive 5	NM_001127898.3	Dent disease / Nephrolithiasis, type 1	300009 / 310468	XR	14	8
9	<u>CLCNKB</u>	chloride channel, voltage-sensitive Kb	NM_000085.4	Bartter syndrome, type 3	607364	AR	19	9
10	<u>CLDN16</u>	claudin 16	NM_006580.3	Familial hypomagnesemia with hypercalciuria & nephrocalcinosis, FHHNC	248250	AR	5	10
11	<u>CLDN19</u>	claudin 19	NM_001123395.1	Familial hypomagnesemia with hypercalciuria & nephrocalcinosis with ocular abnormalities	248190	AR	4	11
12	<u>CYP24A1</u>	cytochrome P450, family 24, subfamily A, polypeptide 1	NM_000782.4	1,25-(OH) D-24 hydroxylase deficiency , infantile Hypercalcemia	143880	AR	11	12
13	<u>FAM20A</u>	family with sequence similarity 20, member A	NM_017565.3	Enamel-Renal syndrome, amelogenesis imperfecta and nephrocalcinosis	204690	AR	12	13
14	<u>GRHPR</u>	glyoxylate reductase/hydroxypyruvate reductase	NM_012203.1	Primary hyperoxaluria, type 2	260000	AR	9	14
15	<u>HNF4A</u>	hepatocyte nuclear factor 4, alpha	NM_000457.4	MODY + Fanconi syndrome + Nephrocalcinosis	125850	AD	1	15
16	<u>HOGA1</u>	4-hydroxy-2-oxoglutarate aldolase 1	NM_138413.3	Primary hyperoxaluria, type 3	613616	AR	7	16
17	<u>HPRT1</u>	hypoxanthine phosphoribosyltransferase 1	NM_000194.2	Kelley-Seegmiller syndrome, partial HPRT deficiency, HPRT-related gout	300323	XR	9	17
18	<u>KCNJ1</u>	potassium inwardly-rectifying channel, subfamily J, member 1	NM_000220.4	Bartter syndrome, type 2	241200	AR	2	18
19	<u>OCRL</u>	oculocerebrorenal syndrome of Lowe	NM_000276.3	Lowe syndrome / Dent disease 2	309000 / 300555	XR	24	19
20	<u>SLC12A1</u>	solute carrier family 12, member 1	NM_000338.2	Bartter syndrome, type 1	601678	AR	27	20
21	<u>SLC22A12</u>	solute carrier family 22 (organic anion/urate transporter), member 12	NM_144585.3	Renal hypouricemia, RHUC1	220150	AD/AR	10	21
22	<u>SLC2A9</u>	solute carrier family 2 (facilitated glucose transporter), member 9	NM_001001290.1	Renal hypouricemia, RHUC2	612076	AD/AR	13	22
23	<u>SLC34A1</u>	solute carrier family 34 (sodium phosphate), member 1	NM_003052.4	Hypophosphatemic nephrolithiasis /osteoporosis-1, NPHLOP1 / Fanconi renotubular syndrome 2	612286 / 613388	AD/AR	13	23

24	<u>SLC34A3</u>	solute carrier family 34 (sodium phosphate), member 3	NM_001177316.1	Hypophosphatemic rickets with hypercalciuria	241530	AR	12	24
25	<u>SLC3A1</u>	solute carrier family 3 (cystine, dibasic and neutral amino acid transporters, activator of cystine, dibasic and neutral amino acid transport), member 1	NM_000341.3	Cystinuria, type A	220100	AR	10	25
26	<u>SLC4A1</u>	solute carrier family 4, anion exchanger, member 1 (erythrocyte membrane protein band 3, Diego blood group)	NM_000342.3	Primary distal renal tubular acidosis, dominant / recessive	179800 / 611590	AD/AR	19	26
27	<u>SLC7A9</u>	solute carrier family 7 (glycoprotein-associated amino acid transporter light chain, bo,+ system), member 9	NM_014270.4	Cystinuria, type B	220100	AD/AR	12	27
28	<u>SLC9A3R1</u>	solute carrier family 9, subfamily A (NHE3, cation proton antiporter 3), member 3 regulator 1	NM_004252.4	Hypophosphatemic nephrolithiasis/osteoporosis-2, NPHLOP2	612287	AD	6	28
29	<u>VDR</u>	vitamin D (1,25- dihydroxyvitamin D3) receptor	NM_000376.2	Idiopathic hypercalciuria	277440	AD	11	29
30	<u>XDH</u>	xanthine dehydrogenase	NM_000379.3	Xanthinuria, type 1	278300	AR	36	30

AR, autosomal recessive; AD, autosomal dominant; XR, X-linked recessive

Genes in which mutations were detected are underlined.

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Supplemental Table 2. Clinical characteristics of individuals with identified monogenic disease causes.

Gene ^a	Individual	Molecular Diagnosis	Compatible Urine / Serum Chemistry	Stone Analysis	Familial Inheritance
<u>ADYC10</u>	B580	Hypercalciuria	Y ☒ N ☐ n/a ☐	CaOx	AR ☐ AD ☒
<u>ADYC10</u>	B599	Hypercalciuria	Y ☒ N ☐ n/a ☐	n/a	AR ☐ AD ☒
<u>SLC4A1</u>	B280	dRTA Hypocalcemia	Y ☒ N ☐ n/a ☐ Y ☐ N ☒ n/a ☐	n/a	AR ☐ AD ☒
<u>SLC9A3R1</u>	B529	Hypophosphatemia Hyperphosphaturia	Y ☒ N ☐ n/a ☐ Y ☒ N ☐ n/a ☐	n/a	AR ☒ AD ☐
<u>SLC34A1</u>	B491	Hypophosphatemia	Y ☒ N ☐ n/a ☐	n/a	AR ☐ AD ☒
<u>SLC34A1</u>	B484	Hypophosphatemia	Y ☒ N ☐ n/a ☐	n/a	AR ☐ AD ☒
<u>SLC34A1</u>	B417	Hypophosphatemia	Y ☒ N ☐ n/a ☐	CaOx	AR ☐ AD ☒
<u>SLC34A1</u>	B610 ^b	Hypophosphatemia	Y ☐ N ☒ n/a ☐	CaOx, CaPh	AR ☐ AD ☐
<u>SLC34A1</u>	B523	Hypophosphatemia	Y ☒ N ☐ n/a ☐	n/a	AR ☐ AD ☒
<u>VDR</u>	B481	Hypocalcemia Hypophosphatemia	Y ☐ N ☒ n/a ☐ Y ☒ N ☐ n/a ☐	n/a	AR ☒ AD ☐
<u>VDR</u>	B447	Hypocalcemia Hypophosphatemia	Y ☐ N ☒ n/a ☐ Y ☒ N ☐ n/a ☐	n/a	AR ☒ AD ☐
<u>AGXT</u>	B424	Hyperoxaluria	Y ☒ N ☐ n/a ☐	CaOx	AR ☒ AD ☐
<u>ATP6V1B1</u>	B482	dRTA Deafness	Y ☒ N ☐ n/a ☐ Y ☐ N ☐ n/a ☒	CaOx	AR ☒ AD ☐
<u>ATP6V0A4</u>	B329	Hypokalemia dRTA Metabolic acidosis	Y ☒ N ☐ n/a ☐ Y ☒ N ☐ n/a ☐ Y ☒ N ☐ n/a ☐	n/a	AR ☒ AD ☐
<u>CLDN16</u>	B604	Hypomagnesemia Hyperuricemia Hypermagnesuria Hypercalciuria Hypocitraturia	Y ☒ N ☐ n/a ☐ Y ☐ N ☒ n/a ☐ Y ☒ N ☐ n/a ☐ Y ☒ N ☐ n/a ☐ Y ☒ N ☐ n/a ☐	n/a	AR ☒ AD ☐
<u>CLDN19</u>	A4592	Hypomagnesemia Hypercalciuria Hypermagnesuria	Y ☒ N ☐ n/a ☐ Y ☒ N ☐ n/a ☐ Y ☐ N ☐ n/a ☒	n/a	AR ☒ AD ☐
<u>CYP24A1</u>	B607	Hypercalcemia Hypercalciuria	Y ☒ N ☐ n/a ☐ Y ☒ N ☐ n/a ☐	n/a	AR ☒ AD ☐
<u>CYP24A1</u>	B540	Hypercalcemia Hypercalciuria	Y ☒ N ☐ n/a ☐ Y ☒ N ☐ n/a ☐	CaOx	AR ☒ AD ☐
<u>SLC12A1</u>	B446	Hypokalemia Hypercalciuria Hypochloremia Hyposthenuria Metabolic alkalosis	Y ☒ N ☐ n/a ☐ Y ☒ N ☐ n/a ☐ Y ☒ N ☐ n/a ☐ Y ☒ N ☐ n/a ☐ Y ☒ N ☐ n/a ☐	n/a	AR ☒ AD ☐
<u>SLC3A1</u>	B425	Cystinuria	Y ☒ N ☐ n/a ☐	cystine	AR ☒ AD ☐
<u>SLC3A1</u>	B458	Cystinuria	Y ☒ N ☐ n/a ☐	cystine	AR ☒ AD ☐

<i>SLC3A1</i>	B499	Cystinuria	Y ☒ N ☐ n/a ☐	cystine	AR ☒ AD ☐
<u><i>OCRL</i></u>	B422	Hypercalciuria Aminoaciduria pRTA Phosphaturia Proteinuria	Y ☒ N ☐ n/a ☐ Y ☒ N ☐ n/a ☐ Y ☒ N ☐ n/a ☐ Y ☒ N ☐ n/a ☐ Y ☒ N ☐ n/a ☐	n/a	XR ☒ AD ☐
<u><i>OCRL</i></u>	B199	Hypercalciuria Aminoaciduria pRTA Phosphaturia Proteinuria	Y ☒ N ☐ n/a ☐ Y ☐ N ☒ n/a ☐ Y ☐ N ☒ n/a ☐ Y ☐ N ☒ n/a ☐ Y ☐ N ☒ n/a ☐	CaOx	XR ☒ AD ☐

AD, autosomal dominant; AR, autosomal recessive; CaOx, calcium oxalate; CaPh, calcium phosphate; dRTA, distal renal tubular acidosis; N, no; n/a, not available; pRTA, proximal renal tubular acidosis; XR, X-linked recessive; Y, yes

^aAutosomal dominant genes are underlined, autosomal recessive genes are not underlined, and X-linked recessive genes are double underlined.

^bB610 is an adopted individual, and biological family information is unavailable.